OOP Vocabulary

```
MODULAR - broken into LOGICAL pieces, called CLASS or OBJECT
```

No UML diagram for 1 class

Encapsulation = put things together (in a class) that belong together, in the right class, and use PRIVATE, SET..., GET... for all the variables

INSTANTIATE ... new Student(id , name); In the STUDENT class, this runs a CONSTRUCTOR

student[27] = new Student(12345,"bob");

student[48] = new Student(2345);

```
student[123] = new Student("Ronald");
```

We can have multiple constructors with different PARAMETER LISTS for different situations

```
new Student(93003,"Smith");
```

```
ENCAPSULATION requires using SET to change values, allowing error prevention.
```

```
public setName(String name)
{
    boolean found = lookForStudent(name);
    if(found == false)
    {
      studentName = name;
    }
    else
    { output("Name is already registered"); }
}
in STUDENT
public void returnBook(Loan b)
{
    numBooks = numBooks - 1;
}
```

```
static final double PI = 3.1415926;
```

```
Loan thisOne = new Loan(212000,"The Stars");
ST.addLoan(thisOne);
in Student: collect details
public String showDetails()
{
    String result = "";
    result = result + studentName;
    for(int b=0; b < numBooks; b++)
    { 1 = booksBorrowed[b];
        result = result + "/" + l.getBookTitle() + "/" + l.getDate();
    }
    return result;
}</pre>
```

Two methods with same name: POLYMORPHISM

```
in Main: find the student
```

public int showDetails(int ID)
{

```
output(ID + ":" + borrowers[ID].getDetails() );
}
```

```
INHERITANCE = extends ANOTHERCLASS
```

BOOK

- -- short term books (4 days)
- -- long term books (30 days)
- -- reference cannot be borrowed
- -- pamphlets free to keep

```
public shortLoan extends Loan
{
    public double overdueCost()
    {
        Date today = new Date();
        int howLong= today - this.date;
        if ( howLong > 4)
        { return fine?? }
    }
}
```

}

public double longLoan extends Loan
{